NOWGONG COLLEGE

(Autonomous)



SYLLABUS

Department of Political Science

Learning Outcome-based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) of
Four Year Undergraduate Programme
Choice-based Credit System with flexibility

Effective from Academic Year 2023-24

Syllabus is approved in Academic Council, Nowgong College (Autonomous)

Dated: 30th June, 2023

Programme Objective:

- 1. To make the students good and well-informed citizens of India
- 2. To develop competitive aptitude among the students.
- 3. To develop Research aptitude among the students.

Programme Outcome:

- 1. The Certificate Course will help the students to get a general idea about Political Science and lay the foundation for further studies in the discipline.
- 2. The 2 years Diploma will enhance employability of the students with greater knowledge of politics and contemporary administrative systems
- 3. Degree with three years will make students eligible for various jobs and for Competitive Examinations
- 4. Degree after four years will make the students competent to pursue research projects along with various jobs and make them more eligible to clear the civil service examinations

Course & Credit Structure

Semester	Major	Minor	Inter-	AEC	SEC	VAC	Research	Total
	(Maj)	(Min)	disciplinary			(Any Two in each Semester)	project/	credit
						Selliester)	Dissertation/	
							Internship	
I	POSC-MAJ- 1014 Understanding Political Theory	POSC-MIN 1014 Understanding Political Theory	POSC-IDC 1014 Fundamentals of Political Science	ASSA/HIND/BENG-AEC-1012 Jugajogmulok Axomiya/ Vyakaran Evam Vyavaharik Hindi/Byowoharic Bangla – I Business English: Networking (Online)	POSC-SEC- 1014 Youth and Nation Building	UNIN-VAC-1012 (Understanding India) ENSC-VAC-1012 (Environmental Science) NASS-VAC-1012 (National Service Scheme) Online Courses: 1. OUFU-VAC-1012 Our Energy Future 2. PHSR-VAC-1012 Philosophy, Science	Students exiting the program after securing 44 credits will be awarded UG certificate in the relevant discipline/ subject provided they secure additional 4 credits in work based Vocation Courses offering during summer term for internship/ apprenticeship in	22
						and Religion 3.	addition to 6 credits from	
						MOTH-VAC-1012	Skill based	
						Model Thinking	Courses earned	
						(Any Two)	during 1 st & 2 nd	
II	POSC-MAJ—	POSC-MIN	POSC-IDC-	Offline Courses:	POSC-SEC-	Offline Courses:	Semester	

	2014 Indian Government and Politics	2014 Indian Government and Politics	2014 Fundamentals of Political Science-II	ENGL-AEC-2012 (English and Mass Communication) Online Courses: Business English: Management and Leadership (Infosys Springboard)	2014 Panchayati Raj in Practice Online Courses: Fundamental Skills on Python Programming & IoT (Infosys Springboard)	DITS-VAC-2012 (Digital Technological Solutions) YOMH-VAC-2012 (Yoga and Mental Health) NACC-VAC-2012 (National Cadet Corps) Online Courses: Fundamental of Artificial Intelligence (Infosys Springboard)		22
						(Any Two)		
		T.		cate after 1 year (= 44)		
III	POSC-MAJ- 3014 Political theory: Concepts and Debates POSC-MAJ- 3024 Political Process in India	POSC-MIN 3014 Select Constitution-I	POSC-IDC- 3014 Introduction to International Relation	ASSA/HIND/BENG -AEC-3012 Byowoharic Axomiya/ Karyalayi Hindi /Byowoharic Bangla – II	POSC-SEC- 3014 Citizen And Rights		Students exiting the program after securing 88 credits will be awarded UG Diploma in the relevant discipline/ subject provided they secure	22
IV	POSC-MAJ 4014 Public Administration	POSC-MIN- 4014 Select Constitution- II		ENGL-AEC-4012 (Academic Writing)			additional 4 credits in Skill based Vocation Courses offered	

	POSC-MAJ— 4024 Introduction to Comparative Govt. and						2 nd year summer term.	22
	Politics POSC-MAJ— 4034 Perspective on International Relation and Global Politics							
	POSC-MAJ— 4044 Gandhian Political Philosophy							
			Diplon	na after 2 years (T	otal Credit =	: 88)		1
V	POSC-MAJ 5014 Public Policy in India POSC-MAJ- 5024 Political Process and Institution in a comparative perspective	POSC-MIN—5014 Comparative Govt. and Politics	Diplon				POSC –INTE- 5012 (Internship)	22

	POSC-MAJ- 5034 Global Politics POSC-MAJ- 5044 Classical Political Philosophy- I					
VI	POSC-MAJ 6014 Modern Political Philosophy POSC-MAJ 6024 Indian Political Thought-I POSC-MAJ 6034 Human Rights POSC-MAJ 6044 Indian foreign Policy POSC-MAJ 6052: Project/ Dissertation	POSC-MIN-6014				22

		Deg	ree after 3 ye	ears (with Major/	Minor) (Total	Credit = 132)		
VII	POSC-MAJ- 7014 Indian Political Thought-II POSC-MAJ- 7024 Human Rights in India POSC-MAJ- 7034 Politics in North- East India	POSC-MIN- 7014 Governance: Issues and Challenges				REET-VAC-7012 Research Ethics	REME-MAJ-7044 Research Methodology	22
VIII	POSC-MAJ- 8014 Social Movements in North East India	POSC-MIN- 8014 Parliamentary Procedures and Practices			INPR- VAC-8012 Intellectual Property Rights		POSC-DISS-80112 Research Project or Dissertation (Those who are undertaking research project /dissertation) POSC-MAJ-8024 Feminism: Theory and Practice POSC-MAJ-8034 Politics of Globalization POSC-MAJ-8044	22

		Understanding Ambedkar	
		(Those who are not undertaking research project /dissertation)	
Degree	e after 4 years (with	Honours/ by Research) (Total Credit = 176)	176

N.B.: 1. 4 credit papers = 100 marks (60T+20IA+20P)

- 2. 2 credit papers (except AEC) = 50 marks (30T+10IA+10P)
- 3. 2 credit papers (Only AEC) = 50 marks (40T+10IA)

Question Pattern:

- For 100 marks papers [1 marks x 7 (no option), 2 marks x 4(no option), 5 marks x 3 (5 options), 10 marks x 3 (5 options)]
- For 50 marks papers [1marks x 4 (no option), 2 marks x 3 (no option), 5 marks x 2 (4 options), 10 marks x 1 (2 options)]
- For AEC 50 marks papers [1 marks x 4 (no options), 2 marks x 3 (no options), 5 marks x 2 (4 options), 10 marks x 2 (4 options)]

Details of Semester-Wise Courses

SEMESTER	COURSE NAME	COURSE CODE	COURSE	MARKS(T+P+IA)
			CREDIT	
I	Understanding	POSC-MAJ1014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Political Theory			
	Understanding	POSC-MIN1014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Political Theory			
	Fundamentals of	POSC-IDC1014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Political Science			
	Youth and Nation	POSC-SEC-1014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Building			
	Understanding India	UNID-VAC-1012	2	50 (30+10+10)
II	Indian Government	POSC-MAJ2014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	and Politics			
	Indian Government	POSC-MIN2014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	and Politics			
	Fundamentals of	POSC-IDC-2014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Political Science-II			
	Panchayati Raj in	POSC-SEC-2014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Practice			
III	Political theory:	POSC-MAJ-3014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Concepts and			
	Debates			
	Political Process in	POSC-MAJ3024	4	100 (60+20+20)
	India			
	Select Constitution-	POSC-MIN3014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	I			
	Introduction to	POSC-IDC-3014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	International			

	Relation			
	Citizen And Rights	POSC-SEC-3014	4	100 (60+20+20)
IV	Public	POSC-MAJ4014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Administration			
	Introduction to	POSC-MAJ4024	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Comparative Govt.			
	and Politics			
	Perspective on	POSC-MAJ4034	4	100 (60+20+20)
	International			
	Relation and Global			
	Politics			
	Gandhi and	POSC-MAJ-4044	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Contemporary			
	World			
	Select Constitution-	POSC-MIN4014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	II			
	Public Policy in	POSC-MAJ5014	4	100 (60+20+20)
V	India	1000 11110 0011	·	100 (00 · 20 · 20)
	Political Process	POSC-MAJ5024	4	100 (60+20+20)
	and Institution in a			
	comparative			
	perspective			
	Global Politics	POSC-MAJ5034	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Classical Political	POSC-MAJ5044	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Philosophy- I			
	Comparative govt.	POSC-MIN5014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	and Politics			
VI	Modern Political	POSC-MAJ6014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Philosophy			
	Indian Political	POSC-MAJ-6024	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Thought-I			
	Human Rights	POSC-MAJ-6034	4	100 (60+20+20)

	Indian Foreign	POSC-MAJ-6044	4	100 (60+20+20
	Policy			
	Project	POSC-MAJ- 6052	2	50 (30+10+10)
	Understanding	POSC-MIN6014	4	100 (60+20+20
	Global Politics			
VII	Indian Political	POSC-MAJ7014	4	100 (60+20+20
	Thought-II			
	Human Rights in	POSC-MAJ7024	4	100 (60+20+20
	India			
	Politics In North-	POSC-MAJ7034	4	100 (60+20+20
	East India			
	Research	REME-MAJ7044	4	100 (60+20+20
	Methodology			
	Governance: Issues	POSC-MIN-7014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	and Challenges			
VIII	Social Movements	POSC-MAJ-8014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	in North –East India			
	Douliementemy	POSC-MIN-8014	4	100 (60+20+20)
	Parliamentary Procedures and	POSC-MIIN-8014	4	100 (00+20+20
	Procedures and Practices			
	Dissertation	POSC-DISS-80112	12	
	Dissertation	1030-00112	1 4	100 (60+20+20
	(Those who are not			100 (00+20+20
	undertaking			
	research project	POSC-MAJ-8024		
	/dissertation)	1 050-WII W-0027	4	100 (60+20+20
	Feminism: Theory		•	100 (00 / 20 / 20
	and Practice	POSC-MAJ-8034		
		1 000 1111 000 1	4	100 (60+20+20
	Politics of		•	100 (00 120 120)
	Globalization	POSC-MAJ-8044		

	4	100 (60+20+20)
Understanding		
Ambedkar		

SEMESTER-I

Course Code: POSC-MAJ-1014

Course Paper: UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY-I

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU

Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objective: This course is divided into two sections. Section A introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches, and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Section B is designed to reconcile political theory and practice through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

Learning Outcomes:

- To introduce the idea of political theory and various approaches
- To enable the students to assess the contemporary trends of political theory
- To reconcile theory and practice in relation to democracy

CONTENTS:

Theory:

UNIT 1: Introducing Political Theory

- a) What is Politics
- b) Theorizing the 'Political'
- c) Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist

UNIT 2: Approaches to Political Theory

- a) Normative
- b) Historical
- c) Empirical

UNIT 3: Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory

- a) Feminist
- b) Postmodern
- c) Conservatism and Anarchy

UNIT 4: Political Theory and Practice

a) Democracy: The concept and idea

- b) Procedural Democracy and its critique
- c) Deliberative Democracy

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory **Suggested Reading**:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-16.

Bellamy, R. (1993) 'Introduction: The Demise and Rise of Political Theory', in Bellamy, R.(ed.) *Theories and Concepts of Politics*. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 1-14.

Glaser, D. (1995) 'Normative Theory', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory and Methods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 21-40.

Sanders, D. (1995) 'Behavioral Analysis', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory and Methods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 58-75.

Chapman, J. (1995) 'The Feminist Perspective', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory and Methods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 94-114.

Bharghava, R, 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 17-36

SEMESTER-I

Course Code: POSC-MIN-1014

Course Paper: UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY-I

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU

Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objective: This course is divided into two sections. Section A introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches, and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Section B is designed to reconcile political theory and practice through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

Learning Outcomes:

- To introduce the idea of political theory and various approaches
- To enable the students to assess the contemporary trends of political theory
- To reconcile theory and practice in relation to democracy

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: Introducing Political Theory

- a) What is Politics
- b) Theorizing the 'Political'
- c) Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist

UNIT 2: Approaches to Political Theory:

- a) Normative
- b) Historical
- c) Empirical

UNIT 3: Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory:

- a) Feminist
- b) Postmodern
- c) Conservatism and Anarchy

UNIT 4: Political Theory and Practice:

- a) Democracy: The concept and idea
- b) Procedural Democracy and its critique

c) Deliberative Democracy

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory **Suggested Reading**:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-16.

Bellamy, R. (1993) 'Introduction: The Demise and Rise of Political Theory', in Bellamy, R.(ed.) *Theories and Concepts of Politics*. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 1-14.

Glaser, D. (1995) 'Normative Theory', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory andMethods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 21-40.

Sanders, D. (1995) 'Behavioral Analysis', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory and Methods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 58-75.

Chapman, J. (1995) 'The Feminist Perspective', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) *Theory and Methods in Political Science*. London: Macmillan, pp. 94-114.

Bharghava, R, 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 17-36

SEMESTER-I

Course Code: POSC-IDC-1014

Course Paper: Fundamentals of Political Science

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objective: This course is divided into two sections. Section A introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches, and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Section B is designed to reconcile political theory and practice through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

Learning Outcomes:

- □ To introduce the idea of political theory and various approaches
 □ To enable the students to assess the contemporary trends of political theory
- ☐ To reconcile theory and practice in relation to democracy

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: Introducing Political Theory:

- a) Meaning of Political Theory
- b) Nature and scope of Political Theory
- c) Utility of the study of Political Theory

UNIT 2: Basic Concepts:

- a) Rights
- b) Liberty and Equality
- c) Justice

UNIT 3: Making of the Indian Constitution:

- a) Constituent Assembly
- b) Basic features of Indian Constitution
- c) Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy

UNIT 4: International Organisations with special reference to United Nations Organisation:

- a) Formation of UNO
- b) Aims and objectives of UNO

c) Organs of UNO (Specialised Organs)

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory **Suggested Readings:**

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-16.

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) Indian Government and

Politics.New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) Contemporary India: Economy,

Society, Politics. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi:

Sage. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) India After

Independence. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and

Concerns. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

Taylor, P. and Groom, A.J.R. (eds.) (2000) The United Nations at the millennium. London:

Continuum, pp. 21-141.

Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008) The new United Nations. Delhi: Pearson Education, pp.119-135.

SEMESTER-I

Course Code: POSC-SEC-1014

Course Paper: Youth and Nation Building

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU

Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objectives:

The aim of this course is to highlight the importance of NCC and NSS. The

students will be able to get involved with the NCC and the NSS and learn about its

activities and undertake tasks under its aegis. The students will also be able to learn

about the basics of disaster preparedness and its management.

Course Outcomes:

To enable students to learn the importance of youth in NSS and NCC,

• To make students understand the activities related to NSS and NCC and

itsimportance,

To make students learn the basics of National Disaster Management and

itsimportance.

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: Nation Building and National Integration

a) Nationalism and factors determining Nationalism in India

b) National Integration- Meaning, Nature and Challenges to National Integration in India

c) Nation Building- Challenges and measures to Nation Building

UNIT 1: Youth and National Service Scheme (NSS)

a) NSS: Organisation and Objectives

b) NSS: Activities and Benefits

c) NSS and its contribution

UNIT 2: Youth and the National Cadet Corps (NCC)

a) Aims and objectives of the NCC

b) Organisation and Training

c) Benefits of NCC and Career opportunities

UNIT 3: Youth and National Disaster Management

- a) Disaster Management Plan 2016-an overview
- b) National Disaster Management Authority
- c) Community involvement and preparedness: Assam

Practical/Presentation: Project Report/Field Study Report based on any activity i.e., awareness programme/campaign, group discussion, disaster management programme in collaboration with NCC and NSS unit etc.

Suggested Readings:

NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME MANUAL (REVISED),

available at

http://nss.wbut.ac.in/documents/NSS manual 2006.pdf

ANO Handbook, NCC, Available at

https://docs.google.com/viewerng/viewer?url=http://nccindia.nic.in/sites/default/files

/ANO+ Hand+Book_1.pdf

National Policy on Disaster Management, available at

https://ndma.gov.in/images/guidelines/national-dm-

policy2009.pdf

National Disaster Management Plan

Assam State Disaster Management Authority, http://sdmassam.nic.in/ini2.html

SEMESTER-II

Course Code: POSC-MAJ-2014

Course Paper: Indian Government and Politics

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU

Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objectives:

1. The course would introduce the students to the basic and foundational

understanding of study of Indian Politics.

2. The course intends to enrich student's understanding about the functioning of the

major institutions of government of India and the inter-relationship among these

institutions.

3. The thrust of this course is to look into the details of the three organs of the

government, their functioning, diverse aspects and the areas of confrontation, so

that, students can develop the knowledge about addressing major issues and

concerns.

Learning Outcomes:

Sound understanding of the fundamental concepts and foundations of

Indian Constitution.

• Understand the basic features of the Indian constitution and its

institutionalfunctioning.

• Knowledge about the diverse aspects of Indian federalism, its state

formation process and institutional aspects of justice and legal system.

Produce a culture of well informed and responsible citizenship

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: Foundations of Indian Government and Politics

a) Constituent Assembly and the making of Indian Constitution

b) Preamble, Philosophy and the Basic Features of Indian Constitution

c) Debates over Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and Fundamental

Duties.

UNIT 2: Federalism and Indian Politics

a) Nature of Indian Federation and its Centralizing tendencies

- b) Center-State relations and important commissions (Sarkaria Commission and Punchhi Commission)
- c) Process of State formation in India

UNIT 3: Institutional Functioning

- a) President: Election, Powers and function, Relations to the parliament
- b) Prime Minister, Council of Minister and Comparison between Council of Minister and the Cabinet
- Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Motions in Parliament and Law-making procedure

UNIT 4: Indian Judiciary

- a) Composition, Powers and Function and Independence of Judiciary
- b) Judicial Review and Public Interest Litigation (PIL)
- c) Judicial Activism and judicial Overreach

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory

Suggested Readings:

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Sage. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) *India After Independence*. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. NewDelhi: PHI Learning.

Vanaik, A. &Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: CriticalPerspectives.* New Delhi: Orient Blackswan. 12

Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989*. London: ZedBook.

Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: OxfordUniversity Press.

Austin, G. (2004) Working of a Democratic Constitution of India. New Delhi: OxfordUniversity Press.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics. New Delhi:Oxford University Press

Shah, Ghanshyam.(2004) . Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature, New Delhi:Sage publications.

Chakrabarty, Bidyut. (2017). Indian Constitution: Text, Context and Interpretation, NewDelhi: Sage Publications

Chakrabarty, B, &Pandey, R.K. (2019). Local Governance in India, New Delhi: Sagepublications

SEMESTER-II

Course Code: POSC-MIN-2014

Course Paper: Indian Government and Politics Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objectives:

- 1. The course would introduce the students to the basic and foundational understanding of study of Indian Politics.
- 2. The course intends to enrich student's understanding about the functioning of the major institutions of government of India and the inter-relationship among these institutions.
- 3. The thrust of this course is to look into the details of the three organs of the government, their functioning, diverse aspects and the areas of confrontation, so that, students can develop the knowledge about addressing major issues and concerns.

Learning Outcomes:

- Sound understanding of the fundamental concepts and foundations of Indian Constitution.
- Understand the basic features of the Indian constitution and its institutionalfunctioning.
- Knowledge about the diverse aspects of Indian federalism, its state formation process and institutional aspects of justice and legal system.
- Produce a culture of well informed and responsible citizenship

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: Foundations of Indian Government and Politics

- a) Constituent Assembly and the making of Indian Constitution
- b) Preamble, Philosophy and the Basic Features of Indian Constitution
- Debates over Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties.

UNIT 2: Federalism and Indian Politics

a) Nature of Indian Federation and its Centralizing tendencies

- b) Centre-State relations and important commissions (Sarkaria Commission and Punchhi Commission)
- c) Process of State formation in India

UNIT 3: Institutional Functioning

- a) President: Election, Powers and function, Relations to the parliament
- b) Prime Minister, Council of Minister and Comparison between Council of Minister and the Cabinet
- Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Motions in Parliament and Law-making procedure

UNIT 4: Indian Judiciary

- a) Composition, Powers and Function and Independence of Judiciary
- b) Judicial Review and Public Interest Litigation (PIL)
- c) Judicial Activism and judicial Overreach

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory

Suggested Readings:

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics.* New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Sage. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) *India After Independence*. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. NewDelhi: PHI Learning.

Vanaik, A. &Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: CriticalPerspectives.* New Delhi: Orient Blackswan. 12

Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989*. London: ZedBook.

Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: OxfordUniversity Press.

Austin, G. (2004) Working of a Democratic Constitution of India. New Delhi: OxfordUniversity Press.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics. New Delhi:Oxford University Press

Shah, Ghanshyam. (2004). Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature, New Delhi:Sage publications.

Chakrabarty, Bidyut. (2017). Indian Constitution: Text, Context and Interpretation, NewDelhi: Sage Publications

Chakrabarty, B, &Pandey, R.K. (2019). Local Governance in India, New Delhi: Sagepublications

SEMESTER-II Course Code: POSC-IDC-2014

Course Paper: Fundamentals of Political Science-II

Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objective: This course is divided into two sections. Section A introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches, and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Section B is designed to reconcile political theory and practice through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

Learning Outcomes:

☐ To introduce the idea of political theory and various approaches
\Box To enable the students to assess the contemporary trends of political theory
\Box To reconcile theory and practice in relation to democracy

CONTENTS:

Theory

UNIT 1: The Grammar of Democracy:

- a) Meaning and History
- b) Variances of democracy- Classical, Liberal & Socialist
- c) Types- Direct and Indirect

UNIT 2: Major Concepts in Political Theory:

- a) Sovereignty
- b) Citizenship
- c) Multiculturalism

UNIT 3: Union Executive, Legislature & Judiciary:

- a) The President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- b) Parliament- Loksabha and Rajyasabha
- c) Supreme Court & High Court

UNIT 4: Importance of Regional Organisations:

- a) Meaning, features and importance
- b) European Union (EU)
- c) Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory

Suggested Readings:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.)

Political Theory: An Introdu

ction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-16.

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) Indian Government and

Politics. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) Contemporary India: Economy,

Society, Politics. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi:

Sage. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) India After

Independence. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and

Concerns. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

J. Baylis and S. Smith (eds), (2008) The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press

Chatterjee, Aneek. International Relations Today: Concepts and

Applications, Pearson, 2010

Heywood, Andrew. Global Politics. Palgrave Macmillan, 2014.

SEMESTER-II

Course Code: POSC-SEC-2014

Course Paper: Panchayati Raj in Practice Credit-4(3T+1P)

Period: 45L+15TU Total marks: 100(60T+20IA+20P)

Objective: This course acquaints students with the Panchayati Raj Institutions and their actual working. It further encourages a study of PRIs in their mutual interaction and their interaction with the people.

Learning Outcomes:

- This paper will help students understand the importance of grassroot politicalinstitutions in empowering people.
- This paper will highlight the complex challenges faced by PRIs in India andmechanisms involved to make it more participatory and inclusive in nature.

CONTENTS

Theory

UNIT 1: Growth of Panchayati Raj institutions in India

- a) Contribution of Constituent Assembly, B. R. Ambedkar, Vinoba Bhave, Mahatma Gandhi, Lohia, Narayan
- b) Evolution of Panchayati Raj Institutions through different Committees
- c) Evolution of Panchayati Raj Institutions through Constitutional Amendment Bills

UNIT 2: Strengthening Democratic Functioning of the Panchayats

- a) Participation at village level, action plan and participatory method
- b) Need assessment and Micro Planning
- c) Devolution

UNIT 3: Panchayat Finances and Accounting

- a) Constitutional Provisions on Panchayat Finances
- b) Fiscal Decentralisation and Audit system
- c) Social Audit and Audit Online

UNIT 4: Problems and Needs of Disadvantaged Groups and their Participation

- a) Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Casts and Minorities
- b) Panchayat Extension to Scheduled Areas (PESA) Act
- c) Need for women's participation

Practical/Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory **Suggested Readings**:

P. deSouza, (2002) 'Decentralization and Local Government: The Second Wind of Democracy in India', in Z. Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) *India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices and Controversies,* New Delhi: Permanent Black

M. John, (2007) 'Women in Power? Gender, Caste and Politics of Local Urban Governance', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 42(39)

Raghunandan, J. R (2012) Decentralization and local governments: The Indian Experience, Orient Black Swan, New Delhi

Baviskar, B.S and George Mathew (eds) 2009 Inclusion and Exclusion in local governance: Field Studies from rural India, New Delhi, Sage

M. Venkatarangaiya and M. Pattabhiram- Local Government in India, Allied Publishers-1969SR Maheswari, Local Government in India, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 2008.

Bidyut Chakraborty and Rajendra Kumar Pandey, Modern Indian Political Thought – Textand Context, Sage, New Delhi, 2009.

Niraja Gopal Jayal and others, Local Governance in India – Decentralisation and Beyond,Oxford University Press, 2006.

Subrata K. Mitra. 2001. Making local government work: Local elites, panchayati raj andgovernance in India,

Atul Kohli (Ed.). The Success of India's Democracy. Cambridge: Cambridge UniversityPress.

Paper Code: UNIN-VAC-1012

Paper Name- Understanding India

Credits: 2

Period: 30 (L-25 + P-05)

Total marks: 50 (30T + 10IA + 10P)

Course objectives:

The course would introduce the students to the legacy of British Colonial rule. The

major thrust of this course is to familiarise the students with various phases of

colonial rule in India and its impact on Indian society. The course will also provide

a fair idea about the rise of nationalist movement in India. The students will be

introduced to the process of making of the Indian constitution and its basic features.

Learning outcomes:

• To examine the legacy of the British colonial rule.

To understand the rise of Indian nationalism during the British rule.

To study the process of Constitution making.

To understand the basic features of the Indian constitution.

CONTENTS

Theory:

UNIT 1: COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM

(a) British Colonialism-Impact of British Colonial rule.

(b) Rise of Nationalist Movement- A brief survey of the Nationalist movement

UNIT 2: MAKING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION

(a) Framing of the Indian Constitution

(b) Basic features of the Indian Constitution

Practical/ Presentation: Topics to be selected based on course content of the theory

Suggested Readings:

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi:

Pearson, 2011.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi: Sage.

Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns. New

Delhi: PHI Learning.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics. New Delhi:

Oxford University Press